



**UNI-ROYAL**  
厚聲集團

# DATA SHEET

**Product Name** Wire-wound Anti-Surge Fixed Resistors

**Part Name** KNPA Series

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Kunshan Foss Electronic material Co., Ltd.  
Royal Electronic Factory (thailand) co., ltd

Brands **RoyalOhm** **UniOhm**



## 1. Scope

- 1.1 This specification for approve relates Power Wire-wound Anti-Surge Fixed Resistors manufactured by UNI-ROYAL.
- 1.2 Excellent flame retardant coating
- 1.3 According to IEC 61000-4-5
- 1.4 Applies to electricity meters, home appliance and ballast

## 2. Part No. System

The standard Part No. includes 14 digits with the following explanation:

- 2.1 Wire-Wound Fixed Resistors type, the 1st to 3rd digits are to indicate the product type and 4th digit is the special feature.

Example: KNPA= Wire-Wound Anti-Surge Fixed Resistors type.

- 2.2 5th~6th digits:

- 2.2.1 This is to indicate the wattage or power rating. To dieting the size and the numbers,

The following codes are used; and please refer to the following chart for detail:

W=Normal Size; S=Small Size; U=Extra Small Size; “1”~“G”to denotes“1”~“16”as

Hexadecimal:

1/16W~1/2W (< 1W)

Wattage	1/2	1/3	1/4	1/5	1/6	1/8	1/10	1/16
Normal Size	W2	W3	W4	W5	W6	W8	WA	WG
Small Size	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S8	SA	SG

1W~16W ( $\geq 1W$ )

Wattage	1	2	3	5	7	8	9	10	15
Normal Size	1W	2W	3W	5W	7W	8W	9W	AW	FW
Small Size	1S	2S	3S	5S	7S	8S	9S	AS	FS

- 2.2.2 For power rating less than 1 watt, the 5th digit will be the letters W, S or U to represent the size required & the 6th digit will be a number or a letter code.

Example: WA=1/10W

- 2.2.3 For power of 1 watt to 16 watt, the 5th digit will be a number or a letter code and the 6th digit will be the letters of W or S.

Example: AS=10W-S; 3S=3W-S

- 2.3 The 7th digit is to denote the Resistance Tolerance. The following letter code is to be used for indicating the standard Resistance Tolerance.

F=±1% G=±2% J=±5% K= ±10%

- 2.4 The 8th to 11th digits is to denote the Resistance Value.

- 2.4.1 For the standard resistance values of 5% series, the 8th digit is “0”, the 9th & 10th digits are to denote the significant figures of the resistance and the 11th digit is the number of zeros following;

- 2.4.2 The following number s and the letter codes are to be used to indicate the number of zeros in the 11th digit:

0=10<sup>0</sup> 1=10<sup>1</sup> 2=10<sup>2</sup> 3=10<sup>3</sup> 4=10<sup>4</sup> 5=10<sup>5</sup>  
6=10<sup>6</sup> J=10<sup>-1</sup> K=10<sup>-2</sup> L=10<sup>-3</sup> M=10<sup>-4</sup>

- 2.4.3 The 12th, 13th & 14th digits.

The 12th digit is to denote the Packaging Type with the following codes:

A=Tape/Box (Ammo pack) B=Bulk/Box

T=Tape/Reel P=Tape/Box of PT-26 products

- 2.4.4 The 13th digit is normally to indicate the Packing Quantity of Tape/Box & Tape/Reel packaging types. The following letter code or number code is to be used for some packing quantities:

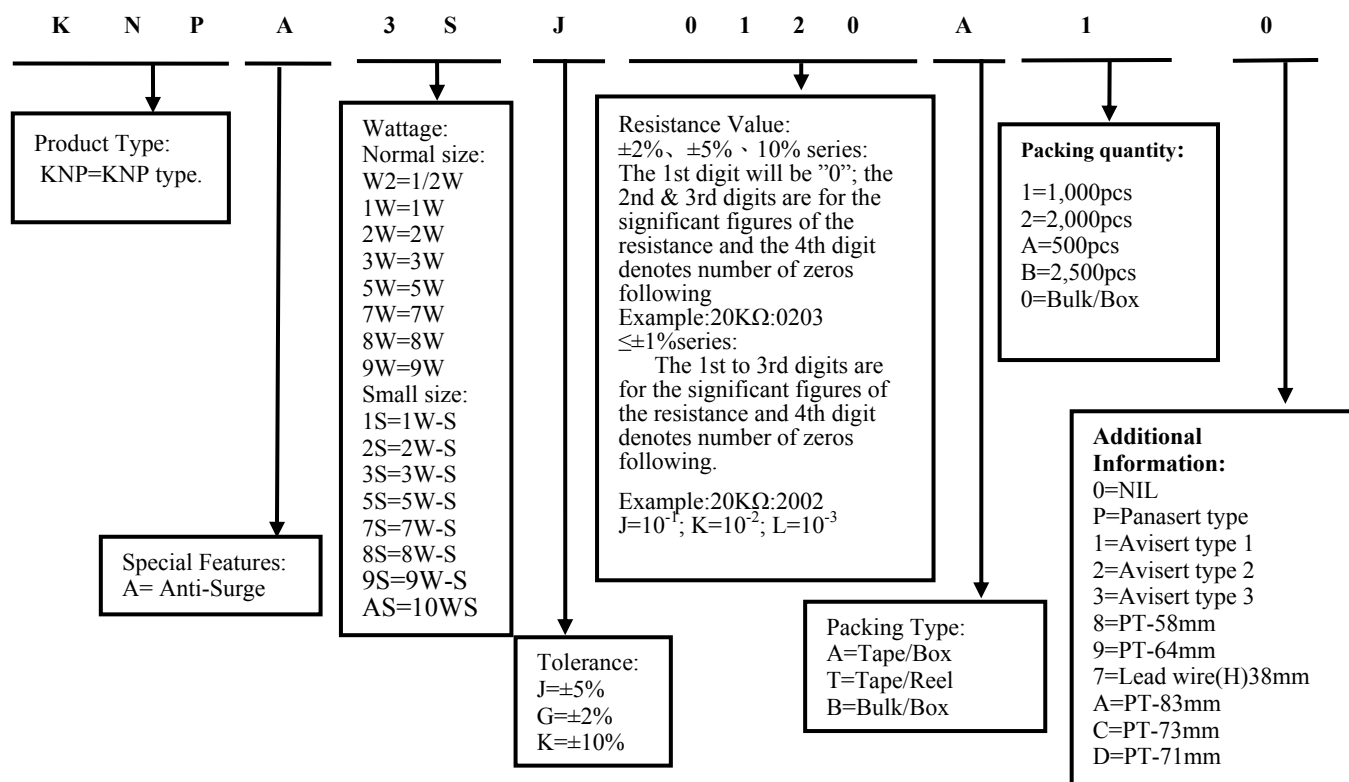
A=500pcs 1=1000pcs 2=2000pcs 5=5000pcs

- 2.4.5 For some items, the 14th digit alone can use to denote special features of additional information with the following codes:

0=NIL P=Panasert type 0=NIL 1=Avisert type 1 2=Avisert type 2  
3=Avisert type 3 A=Cutting type CO 1/4W-A type B= Cutting type CO 1/4W-B type

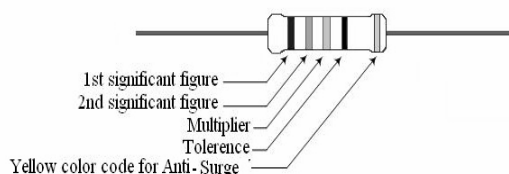
### 3. Ordering Procedure

(Example: KNPA 3WS  $\pm 5\%$  12 $\Omega$  T/B-1000 )

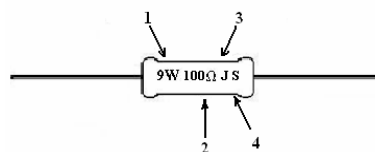


### 4. Marking

4.1 For KNPA normal size: 1/2W, 1W, 2W, 3W and KNPA small size : 1W-S, 2W-S, 3W-S, 5W-S Resistors shall be marked with color coding , colors shall be in accordance with JIS C 0802



4.2 For KNPA normal size: 5W, 7W, 8W, 9W and KNPA small size : 7W-S, 8W-S, 9W-S, 10W-S



Code description and regulation

1. Wattage rating.
2. Nominal resistance value.
3. Resistance Tolerance.
4. S = Product KNPA

4.3 Label:

Label shall be marked with following items:

- (1) Type and style
- (2) Nominal resistance
- (3) Resistance tolerance
- (4) Quantity
- (5) Lot number
- (6) PPM

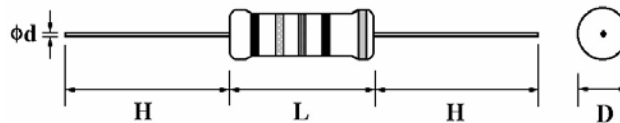
Example:

Wire-wound Anti-Surge Fixed Resistors

WATT : 8W	VAL: 22 $\Omega$
Q'TY: 25	TOL: 5%
LOT: 7021528	PPM:

## 5. Ratings & Dimension

### 5.1 Dimension:



Type	Dimension(mm)					Resistance Range	Tolerance
	D±1	L±1	d±0.05	H±3	PT		
KNPA 1/2W,1WS	3.5	9.5	0.54	28	52	10Ω~820Ω	±5%
KNPA 1W,2WS	4.5	11.5	0.70	25	52	10Ω~1.2KΩ	
KNPA 2W,3WS	5.5	15.5	0.70	28	64	10Ω~3.0KΩ	
KNPA 3W,5WS	6.5	17.5	0.75	28	64	10Ω~3.9KΩ	
KNPA 5W,7WS	8.5	24.5	0.75	38	90	10Ω~5.6KΩ	
KNPA 7W,8WS	8.5	29.5	0.75	38	B/B	10Ω~8.2KΩ	
KNPA 8W,9WS	8.5	39.5	0.75	38	B/B	10Ω~10KΩ	
KNPA 9W,AS	8.5	52.5	0.75	38	B/B	10Ω~15KΩ	

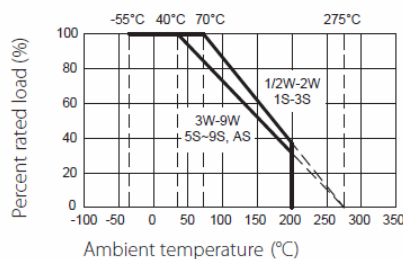
### 5.2 Rating :

Type	Low Resistance Range	Maximum Surge Voltage	Medium Resistance Range	Maximum Surge Voltage	High Resistance Range	Maximum Surge Voltage
KNPA 1/2W,1WS	10Ω~40Ω	2KV	43Ω~240Ω	3KV	270Ω~820Ω	4KV
KNPA 1W,2WS	10Ω~50Ω	3KV	51Ω~240Ω	4KV	270Ω~1.2KΩ	5KV
KNPA 2W,3WS	10Ω~100Ω	4KV	110Ω~240Ω	5KV	270Ω~3.0KΩ	6KV
KNPA 3W,5WS	10Ω~100Ω	6KV	110Ω~680Ω	7KV	750Ω~3.9KΩ	8KV
KNPA 5W,7WS	10Ω~160Ω	7KV	180Ω~680Ω	8KV	750Ω~5.6KΩ	9KV
KNPA 7W,8WS	10Ω~160Ω	8KV	180Ω~680Ω	9KV	750Ω~8.2KΩ	10KV
KNPA 8W,9WS	10Ω~160Ω	9KV	180Ω~680Ω	10KV	750Ω~10KΩ	10KV
KNPA 9W,AS	10Ω~160Ω	10KV	180Ω~680Ω	10KV	750KΩ~15KΩ	10KV

## 6. Derating Curve

Resistors shall have a power rating based on continuous load operation at an ambient temperature from -55°C to 70°C. For temperature in excess of 70°C, the load shall be derate as shown in figure 1

Figure1



### 6.1 Voltage rating:

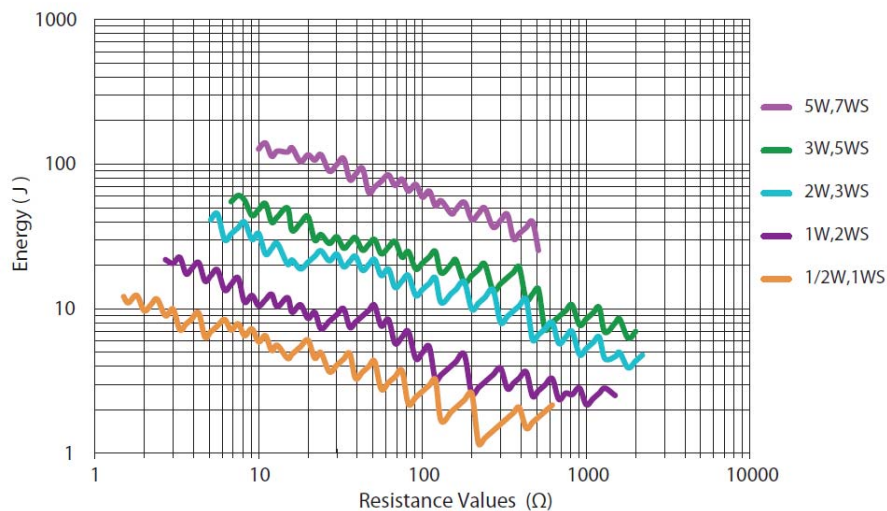
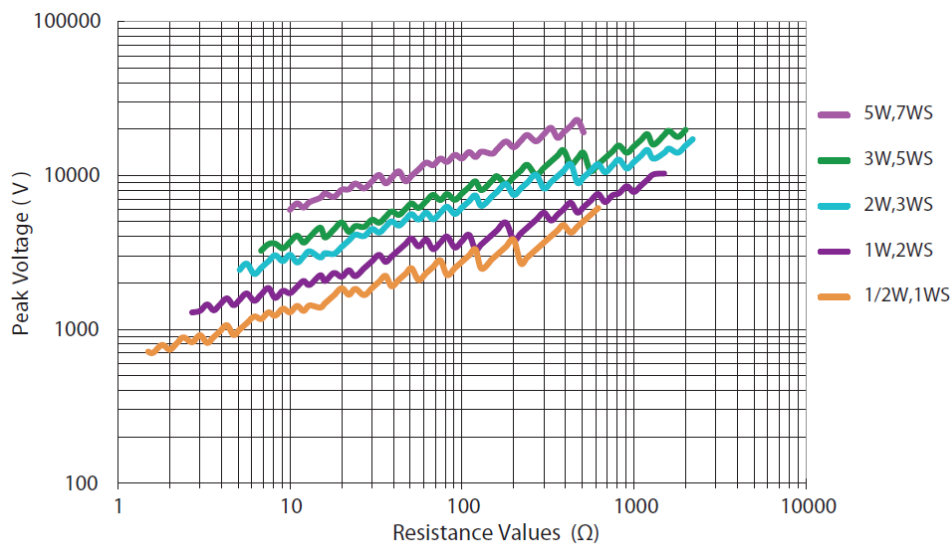
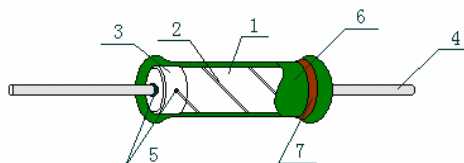
Resistors shall have a rated direct-current (DC) continuous working voltage or an approximate sine-wave root-mean-square (RMS) alternating-current (AC) continuous working voltage at commercial-line frequency and waveform corresponding to the power rating, as determined from the following formula:

$$RCWV = \sqrt{P \times R}$$

Where: RCWV = rated dc or RMS ac continuous working voltage at commercial-line frequency and waveform (VOLT.)

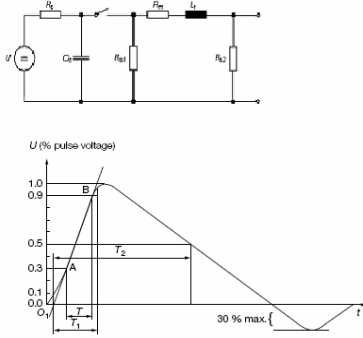
P = power rating (WATT.)

R = nominal resistance (OHM)

7. Pulses Energy Curve8. Pulses Voltage Curve9. Structure

No.	Name	Raw materials
1	Basic body	Rod Type Ceramics
2	Resistor	Ni-Cr & Cu-Ni Alloys
3	End cap	Steel (Tin Plated iron Surface)
4	Lead wire	Tin solder coated copper wire
5	Joint	By welding
6	Coating	Normal size & Insulated Non-Flame Paint Color: Deep Green
7	Marking	Epoxy Resin

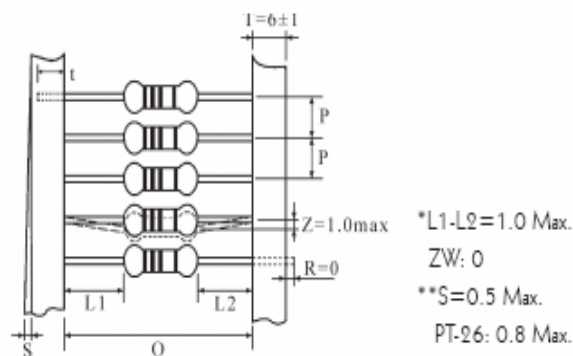
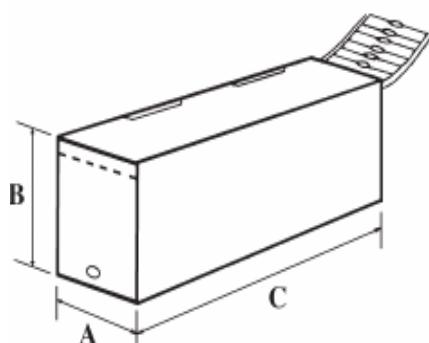
## 10. Performance Specification

Characteristic	Limits	Test Methods (GB/T5729&JIS-C-5201&IEC60115-1)
Temperature Coefficient	$\pm 200 \text{ PPM}/^{\circ}\text{C}$	<p>4.8 Natural resistance changes per temp. Degree centigrade</p> $\frac{R_2 - R_1}{R_1(t_2 - t_1)} \times 10^6 \text{ (PPM}/^{\circ}\text{C})$ <p> <math>R_1</math>: Resistance Value at room temperature (<math>t_1</math>) ;  <math>R_2</math>: Resistance at test temperature            (Upper limit temperature or Lower limit temperature)  <math>t_1</math>: <math>+25^{\circ}\text{C}</math> or specified room temperature  <math>t_2</math>: Upper limit temperature or Lower limit temperature test temperature         </p>
Short-Time Overload	Resistance change rate must be in $\pm(2\%+0.05\Omega)\text{Max}$ , and no mechanical damage.	4.13 Permanent resistance change after the application of a potential of 10 times Power for 5 seconds.
Terminal strength	No evidence of mechanical damage	<p>4.16 Direct load: Resistance to a 2.5 kg direct load for 10 seconds in the direction of the longitudinal axis of the terminal leads.</p> <p>Twist test: Terminal leads shall be bent through <math>90^{\circ}</math> at a point of about 6mm from the body of the resistor and shall be rotated through <math>360^{\circ}</math> about the original axis of the bent terminal in alternating direction for a total of 3 rotations.</p>
Resistance to soldering heat	Resistance change rate must be in $\pm(1\%+0.05\Omega)$ , and no mechanical damage.	4.18 Permanent resistance change when leads immersed to a point 2.0-2.5mm from the body in $260^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ solder for $10 \pm 1$ seconds.
Solderability	95% Coverage Min.	<p>4.17 The area covered with a new, smooth, clean, shiny and continuous surface free from concentrated pinholes.</p> <p>Temperature of solder: <math>245^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 3^{\circ}\text{C}</math>            Dwell time in solder: 2~3seconds.</p>
Rapid change of temperature	Resistance change rate must be in $\pm(2\%+0.05\Omega)$ , and no mechanical damage.	4.19 30 min at $-55^{\circ}\text{C}$ and 30 min at $155^{\circ}\text{C}$ ; 100 cycles.
Humidity ( steady state )	Resistance change rate must be in $\pm(2\%+0.05\Omega)$ , and no mechanical damage.	4.24 Temporary resistance change after 240 hours exposure in a humidity test chamber controlled at $40 \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ and 90-95% relative humidity.
Load life in humidity	Resistance change rate must be in $\pm(5\%+0.05\Omega)$ , and no mechanical damage.	7.9 resistance change after 1,000 hours (1.5 hours "ON", 0.5 hour "OFF") at RCWV in a humidity test chamber controlled at $40^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ and 90 to 95% relative humidity.
Surge Immunity	Resistance change rate is: $\pm(5\%+0.05\Omega \text{ Max})$	<p>Surge voltage as per the 1.2 <math>\mu\text{s}</math>/50 <math>\mu\text{s}</math> exponential open circuit voltage waveform according to IEC 61000-4-5 standard as shown below:</p>  <p>Front time: <math>T_1 = 1.67 \times T = 1.2 \mu\text{s} \pm 30\%</math>            Time to half-value: <math>T_2 = 50 \mu\text{s} \pm 20\%</math></p>

Resistance to solvent	No deterioration of protective coatings & markings	4.29 Specimens shall be immersed in a bath of trichloroethylene completely for 3 min. With ultrasonic
Load life	Resistance change rate must be in $\pm(5\%+0.05\Omega)$ , and no mechanical damage.	4.25.1 permanent resistance change after 1,000 hours operating at RCWV with duty cycle of 1.5 hours "ON", 0.5 hour "OFF" at 70 °C $\pm$ 2°C ambient.
Low Temperature Storage	Resistance change rate must be in $\pm(5\%+0.05\Omega)$ , and no mechanical damage.	4.23.4 Lower limit temperature , for 2H.
High Temperature Exposure	Resistance change rate must be in $\pm(5\%+0.05\Omega)$ , and no mechanical damage.	4.23.2 Upper limit temperature , for 16H.

## 11. Packing of Surface Mount Resistors

### 11.1 Tapes in Box Packing:

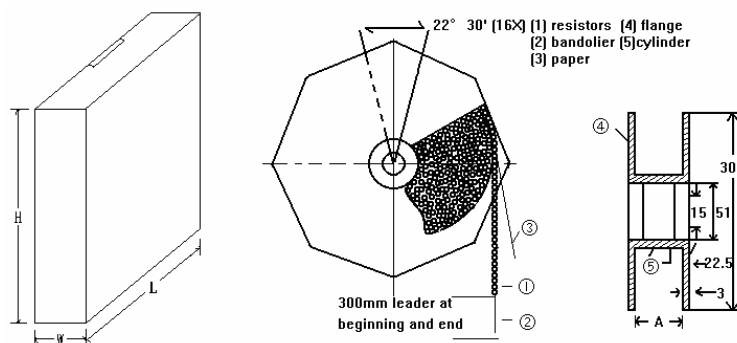


Dimension of T/B (mm)

Part No.	O	P	A $\pm$ 5	B $\pm$ 5	C $\pm$ 5	Qty/Box
KNPA 1/2W	52 $\pm$ 1	5 $\pm$ 0.3	75	45	255	1,000pcs
KNPA 1WS	52 $\pm$ 1	5 $\pm$ 0.3	75	45	255	1,000pcs
KNPA 1W	52 $\pm$ 1	5 $\pm$ 0.3	86	82	255	1,000pcs
KNPA 2WS	52 $\pm$ 1	5 $\pm$ 0.3	86	82	255	1,000pcs
KNPA 2W	64 $\pm$ 5	10 $\pm$ 0.5	90	119	255	1,000pcs
KNPA 3WS	64 $\pm$ 5	10 $\pm$ 0.5	90	119	255	1,000pcs
KNPA 3W	64 $\pm$ 5	10 $\pm$ 0.5	90	88	255	500pcs
KNPA 5WS	64 $\pm$ 5	10 $\pm$ 0.5	90	88	255	500pcs
KNPA 5W	90 $\pm$ 5	10 $\pm$ 0.5	115	124	500	500pcs
KNPA 7WS	90 $\pm$ 5	10 $\pm$ 0.5	115	124	500	500pcs



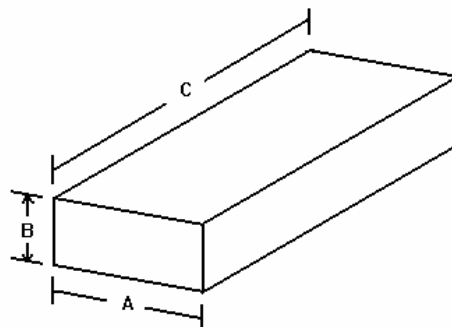
## 11.2 Tapes in Reel Packing:



Dimension of Reel (mm)

Part No.	O	A	W $\pm$ 5	H $\pm$ 5	L $\pm$ 5	Qty/Box
KNPA 1/2W	52 $\pm$ 1	73 $\pm$ 2	85	295	293	2,500pcs
KNPA 1WS	52 $\pm$ 1	73 $\pm$ 2	85	295	293	2,500pcs
KNPA 1W	52 $\pm$ 1	73 $\pm$ 2	85	295	293	2,500pcs
KNPA 2WS	52 $\pm$ 1	73 $\pm$ 2	85	295	293	2,500pcs
KNPA 2W	64 $\pm$ 5	80 $\pm$ 5	95	295	293	1,000pcs
KNPA 3WS	64 $\pm$ 5	80 $\pm$ 5	95	295	293	1,000pcs
KNPA 3W	64 $\pm$ 5	80 $\pm$ 5	95	295	293	1,000pcs
KNPA 5WS	64 $\pm$ 5	80 $\pm$ 5	95	295	293	1,000pcs
KNPA 5W	90 $\pm$ 5	115 $\pm$ 5	121	310	310	700pcs
KNPA 7WS	90 $\pm$ 5	115 $\pm$ 5	121	310	310	700pcs

## 11.3 Bulk in Box Packing:



Dimension of Box (mm)

Part No.	A $\pm$ 5	B $\pm$ 5	C $\pm$ 5	Qty/Box
KNPA 1/2W	140	80	240	250/5,000pcs
KNPA 1WS	140	80	240	250/5,000pcs
KNPA 1W	140	80	240	100/2,500pcs
KNPA 2WS	140	80	240	100/2,500pcs
KNPA 2W	140	80	240	100/1,500pcs
KNPA 3WS	140	80	240	100/1,500pcs
KNPA 3W	140	80	240	100/1,000pcs
KNPA 5WS	140	80	240	100/1,000pcs
KNPA 5W	140	80	240	25/400pcs
KNPA 7WS	140	80	240	25/400pcs
KNPA 7W	140	80	240	25/300pcs
KNPA 8WS	140	80	240	25/300pcs
KNPA 8W	140	80	240	25/200pcs
KNPA 9WS	140	80	240	25/200pcs
KNPA 9W	140	80	240	25/200pcs
KNPA 10WS	140	80	240	25/200pcs



**12. Note**

12.1 UNI-ROYAL recommend the storage condition temperature: 15°C~35°C, humidity :25%~75%.

(Put condition for individual product)

Even under UNI-ROYAL recommended storage condition, solderability of products over 1 year old.

(Put condition for each product) may be degraded.

12.2 Store / transport cartons in the correct direction, which is indicated on a carton as a symbol.

Otherwise bent leads may occur due to excessive stress applied when dropping of a carton.

12.3 Product performance and soldered connections may deteriorate if the products are stored in the following places:

a. Storage in high Electrostatic

b. Storage in direct sunshine 、rain and snow or condensation

c. Where the products are exposed to sea winds or corrosive gases, including Cl<sub>2</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>S, NH<sub>3</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>.

**13. Record**

Version	Description of amendment	Page	Date	Amended by	Checked by
1	First issue of this specification	1~8	Mar.20, 2018	Chen Haiyan	Chen Nana
2	1.Modify the Derating Curve	4	Feb.23, 2019	Chen Haiyan	Xu Yuhua
	2. Add the Pulses Energy Curve and Pulses Voltage Curve	5			
	3.Modify the Performance Specification	6~7			

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